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The following report(s) provides findings from an FDA-initiated query using its Mini-Sentinel pilot. While Mini-Sentinel queries may be undertaken to assess potential medical product safety risks, they may also be initiated for various other reasons. Some examples include determining a rate or count of an identified health outcome of interest, examining medical product use, exploring the feasibility of future, more detailed analyses within Mini-Sentinel, and seeking to better understand the capabilities of the Mini-Sentinel pilot.

Data obtained through Mini-Sentinel are intended to complement other types of evidence such as preclinical studies, clinical trials, postmarket studies, and adverse event reports, all of which are used by FDA to inform regulatory decisions regarding medical product safety. The information contained in this report is provided as part of FDA's commitment to place knowledge acquired from the Mini-Sentinel pilot in the public domain as soon as possible. Any public health actions taken by FDA regarding products involved in Mini-Sentinel queries will continue to be communicated through existing channels.

FDA wants to emphasize that the fact that FDA has initiated a query involving a medical product and is reporting findings related to that query does not mean that FDA is suggesting health care practitioners should change their prescribing practices for the medical product or that patients taking the medical product should stop using it. Patients who have questions about the use of an identified medical product should contact their health care practitioners.

The following report contains a description of the request, request specifications, and results from the modular program run(s).

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Overview for Request to16_cap_mpl1r_wp031_nsdp_v01, Report 2 of 3

Request ID: to16_cap_mpl1r_wp031_nsdp_v01, Report 2 of 3

<u>Request Description</u>: This request investigated bleeding (hospitalized bleed and major bleed) and venous thromboembolism (VTE) events following incident use of enoxaparin (regardless of manufacturer) in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD).

Mini-Sentinel Modular Program Tool Used: Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) tool, version 2.0.5

Data Source: This package was distributed to 15 Data Partners in the MSDD on April 29, 2015. The query period for this request was August 1, 2010 - December 31, 2013. Please see Appendix A for dates of available data.

<u>Study Design</u>: For the scenarios where we examine bleeding events among enoxaparin users, we created enoxaparin treatment episodes, with a 0-day episode extension period and a one-day episode gap, during which we identified bleeding events. For the scenarios where we examine VTE events amont enoxaparin users, an intent-to-treat analysis was conducted. New users were followed for 45 days following enoxaparin initiation, during which we identified VTE events.

Hospitalized bleeding in this report was defined as a definite bleeding event (hospital discharge diagnosis code in the primary position) with no trauma code within the same inpatient stay. Hospitalized bleeding was also defined as a possible bleeding code (flagged as a primary diagnosis), supported by a definite bleeding code (flagged as a secondary diagnosis), without a corresponding trauma code. All codes were required to be within the same IP encounter. Major bleeding events included hospitalized bleeding events with the inclusion of a critical site code or a transfusion code within seven days of the hospitalized bleed event. VTE events included either (1) an inpatient VTE code, or (2) an outpatient VTE code with a warfarin dispensing within 30 days after a deep vein thrombosis (DVT) diagnosis.

<u>Cohort of Interest</u>: For the scenarios where we examined bleeding events among enoxaparin users, we created enoxaparin treatment episodes, with a 0-day episode extension period and a one-day episode gap, during which we identified bleeding events. For the scenarios where we examined VTE events among enoxaparin users, an intent-to-treat analysis was conducted. New users were followed for 42 days following enoxaparin initiation, during which we identified VTE events. Patients had to be enrolled for 180 days and were allowed an enrollment gap of up to 45 days.

Exposure of Interest: The exposures of interest were defined using National Drug Codes (NDCs). Please see Appendix B for generic names used in this request.

<u>Outcomes of Interest</u>: The outcome of interests were defined using International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM), Current Procedural Terminology, Fourth Edition (CPT-4), and Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes. Please see Appendices C and D for specific codes used in this request.

<u>Cohort Eligibility Criteria</u>: We required eligible members to be enrolled in health plans with medical and drug coverage for at least 180 days prior to exposure; gaps in coverage of up to 45 days were allowed. The following age groups were included in the cohort: <20, 20-44, 45-64, 65-74, 75-84, 85+ years.

<u>Limitations</u>: The exposure and inclusion and exclusion criteria may have been misclassified due to imperfect algorithms used to identify them. Therefore, data should be interpreted with this limitation in mind.

<u>Notes</u>: Counts of members cannot be aggregated across years or procedure codes. Doing so will result in double-counting of members. For example, members with a specific procedure in 2007 may also have the same procedure in 2008. Adding those years would double-count that person. Also, a member with procedure X in 2007 may also have had procedure Y in 2007. Adding across those two procedure codes would double-count that person.

When interpreting changes in raw counts of patients over time, it is important to understand the way in which the MSDD population is constructed. For example, one large Data Partner has data beginning in 2004, while a second large Data Partner has data beginning in 2007. Increases in the raw numbers of diagnosis/procedure patients or drug product users in these years are likely due to the introduction of these Data Partners. Thus, year-to-year changes should not be interpreted as trends in diagnoses, procedures, or drug products.

A second important consideration is that the MSDD population is continually changing. Therefore, a query conducted in July 2011 will investigate a different MSDD population than a query conducted in July 2012.

Please contact the Sentinel Operations Center Query Fulfillment Team (info@sentinelsystem.org) for questions and to provide comments/suggestions for future enhancements to this document.



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Glossary of Terms for Analyses Using Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) Tool*

Amount Supplied - number of units (pills, tablets, vials) dispensed. Net amount per NDC per dispensing. This is equivalent to the **Blackout Period** - number of days at the beginning of a treatment episode that events are to be ignored. If an event occurs during the blackout period, the episode is excluded.

Care Setting - type of medical encounter or facility where the exposure, event, or condition code was recorded. Possible care settings include: Inpatient Hospital Stay (IP), Non-Acute Institutional Stay (IS), Emergency Department (ED), Ambulatory Visit (AV), and Other Ambulatory Visit (OA). For laboratory results, possible care settings include: Emergency department (E), Home (H),

Censor Episodes at Evidence of Death - indicates whether treatment episodes are truncated based on death date. A member has a death date if he or she has an encounter with a discharge status of "expired" in the Encounter Table, or if he or she has a death date

Cohort Definition (drug/exposure)- indicates how the cohort will be defined: (1) 01: Cohort includes only the first valid incident treatment episode during the query period; (2) 02: Cohort includes all valid incident treatment episodes during the query period; (3) 03: Cohort includes all valid incident treatment episodes during the query period; (3)

Days Supplied - number of days supplied for all dispensings in qualifying treatment episodes.

Episodes - treatment episodes; length of episode is determined by days supplied in one dispensing or consecutive dispensings **Enrollment Gap** - number of days allowed between two consecutive enrollment periods without breaking a "continuously enrolled" **Episode Gap** - number of days allowed between two (or more) consecutive exposures (dispensings/procedures) to be considered **Event Deduplication** - specifies how events are counted by the MP algorithm: (0) 0: Counts all occurrences of an HOI during an exposure episode; (1) 1: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI code and code type on the same day; (2) 2: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI group on the same day (e.g., de-duplicates at the group level).

Exposure Extension Period - number of days post treatment period in which the outcomes/events are counted for a treatment Exposure Episode Length - number of days after exposure initiation that is considered "exposed time." (For Intent to Treat analyses Lookback Period (pre-existing condition) - number of days wherein a member is required to have evidence of pre-existing condition Minimum Days Supplied - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the days supplied for the episode to be considered. Minimum Episode Duration - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the episode for it to be considered.

Query Period - period in which the modular program looks for exposures and outcomes of interest.

Treatment Episode Truncation Indicator - indicates whether observation of the incident query code during follow-up requires truncation of valid treatment episodes. A value of Y indicates that the treatment episodes should be truncated at the first occurrence of an incident query code. A value of N indicates that the treatment episodes should not be truncated at the occurrence **Users** - number of members with exposure during the query period. Member must have no evidence of exposure(s) of interest

(defined by incidence criteria) in the prior washout period. A user may only be counted once in a query period.

Washout Period (drug/exposure)** - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of prior exposure (drug dispensing/procedure) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

Washout Period (event/outcome)** - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of a prior event (procedure/diagnosis) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

Years at Risk - number of days supplied plus any episode gaps and exposure extension periods all divided by 365.25.

*all terms may not be used in this report

**incident treatment episodes must be incident to both the exposure and the event



Table 1. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013, by Scenario

New Users	Dispensings	Days Supplied	Amount Supplied	Years at Risk	New Episodes with Events	Eligible Members	Member-Years	New Users per 1,000 Eligible Members	Days Supplied per User	Dispensings per User	Supplied per Dispensin g	New Episodes with Events per 10,000 Years at Risk
			Exposur	e: Enoxapa	rin Episode	e; Event: Hosp	italized Bleeding (As-Treated A	nalysis)			
159,103	193,487	2,791,219	1,543,892	7,199.0	133	66,542,567	114,331,702.6	2.39	17.54	1.22	14.43	184.75
			Expo	sure: Enoxa	parin Epis	ode; Event: M	ajor Bleeding (As-	Treated Ana	ysis)			
159,106	193,491	2,791,283	1,543,917	7,200.5	76	66,542,574	114,331,915.6	2.39	17.54	1.22	14.43	105.55
			Exposure: 42	2 Days after	· Incident	Enoxaparin Us	e; Event: All VTE (Intent-to-Tre	at Analysis	5)		
161,062	161,062	2,114,000	1,102,165	17,028.0	3,600	66,542,457	114,329,726.2	2.42	13.13	1.00	13.13	2,114.17
		Ex	posure: 42 Da	ays after Ind	cident Eno	xaparin Use; E	vent: Inpatient V	TE (Intent-to-	Treat Anal	ysis)		
162,870	162,870	2,122,179	1,113,642	17,075.2	2,129	66,542,517	114,329,197.0	2.45	13.03	1.00	13.03	1,246.84
		Exp	osure: 42 Da	ys after Inci	ident Enox	aparin Use; Ev	ent: Outpatient V	/TE (Intent-to	-Treat Ana	lysis)		
161,401	161,401	2,116,839	1,105,314	17,142.0	1,952	66,542,532	114,330,134.5	2.43	13.12	1.00	13.12	1,138.72



Table 2. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013, by Scenario and Age Group

		New Users	Dispensings	Days Supplied	Amount Supplied	Years at Risk	New Episodes with Events	Eligible Members	Member- Years	New Users per 1,000 Eligible Members	Days Supplied per User	Dispensings per User	Days Supplied per Dispensing	New Episodes with Events per 10,000 Years at Risk
				Exp	osure: End	xaparin E	pisode; Ev	ent: Hospitaliz	ed Bleeding (A	s-Treated Ana	lysis)			
	Years)													
	0-19	1,997	2,655	46,134	26,856	120.3	1	17,358,047	27,822,971.9	0.12	23.10	1.33	17.38	83.10
	20-44	33,930	50,939	1,013,305	524,095	2,677.9	26	27,124,716	39,161,689.6	1.25	29.86	1.50	19.89	97.09
	45-64	71,855	80,176	1,029,013	600,428	2,619.2	47	19,741,648	34,402,926.1	3.64	14.32	1.12	12.83	179.44
	65-74	30,368	34,308	422,059	243,523	1,071.1	26	4,575,070	7,724,443.6	6.64	13.90	1.13	12.30	242.74
	75-84	15,522	18,224	207,469	113,866	524.9	23	2,072,727	3,795,913.0	7.49	13.37	1.17	11.38	438.21
	85+	5,431	7,185	73,239	35,124	185.6	10	793,968	1,423,758.4	6.84	13.49	1.32	10.19	538.86
					Exposure:	Enoxapari	n Episode;	Event: Major	Bleeding (As-Tr	eated Analysi	s)			
Age (Years)													
	0-19	1,997	2,655	46,134	26,856	120.3	1	17,358,047	27,822,975.4	0.12	23.10	1.33	17.38	83.10
	20-44	33,933	50,943	1,013,369	524,120	2,678.5	7	27,124,720	39,161,734.7	1.25	29.86	1.50	19.89	26.13
	45-64	71,855	80,176	1,029,013	600,428	2,619.9	26	19,741,650	34,402,994.1	3.64	14.32	1.12	12.83	99.24
	65-74	30,368	34,308	422,059	243,523	1,071.2	19	4,575,073	7,724,477.9	6.64	13.90	1.13	12.30	177.37
	75-84	15,522	18,224	207,469	113,866	524.9	16	2,072,727	3,795,949.8	7.49	13.37	1.17	11.38	304.80
	85+	5,431	7,185	73,239	35,124	185.6	7	793,969	1,423,783.6	6.84	13.49	1.32	10.19	377.12
				Exposu	re: 42 Days	after Inci	dent Enox	aparin Use; Ev	vent: All VTE (In	tent-to-Treat	Analysis)			
Age (Years)													
	0-19	2,037	2,037	33,155	17,874	215.1	52	17,358,047	27,822,931.0	0.12	16.28	1.00	16.28	2,417.09
	20-44	34,437	34,437	581,389	292,444	3,675.9	591	27,124,673	39,161,272.2	1.27	16.88	1.00	16.88	1,607.78
	45-64	72,675	72,675	901,890	483,770	7,701.2	1,676	19,741,552	34,402,076.7	3.68	12.41	1.00	12.41	2,176.28
	65-74	30,669	30,669	366,501	193,161	3,246.6	707	4,575,002	7,724,104.3	6.70	11.95	1.00	11.95	2,177.65
	75-84	15,712	15,712	174,723	89,051	1,634.2	415	2,072,673	3,795,695.2	7.58	11.12	1.00	11.12	2,539.53
	85+	5,532	5,532	56,342	25,864	555.0	159	793,945	1,423,646.9	6.97	10.18	1.00	10.18	2,865.05



Table 2. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013, by Scenario and Age Group

	New Users	Dispensings	Days Supplied	Supplied	Years at Risk	New Episodes with Events	Eligible Members	Member- Years	New Users per 1,000 Eligible Members	Days Supplied per User	Dispensings per User	Days Supplied per Dispensing	New Episodes with Events per 10,000 Years at Risk
			Exposure:	42 Days aft	ter Incidei	nt Enoxapa	arın Üse; Even	t: Inpatient VTE	i (Intent-to-Tr	eat Analysis	5)		
Age (Years) 0-19	2,056	2,056	33,255	17,986	215.7	40	17,358,047	27,822,925.1	0.12	16.17	1.00	16.17	1,854.13
20-44	34,823	34,823	582,941	294,762	3,685.3	336	27,124,678	39,161,154.2	1.28	16.74	1.00	16.74	911.74
45-64	73,506	73,506	905,829	489,403	7,723.0	1,000	19,741,552	34,401,793.0	3.72	12.32	1.00	12.32	1,294.83
65-74	30,958	30,958	367,964	195,178	3,255.8	434	4,574,991	7,724,039.2	6.77	11.89	1.00	11.89	1,333.01
75-84	15,908	15,908	175,559	, 90,134	1,638.8	233	2,072,666	3,795,657.8	7.68	11.04	1.00	11.04	1,421.75
85+	5,619	5,619	56,631	26,178	556.5	86	793,940	1,423,627.6	7.08	10.08	1.00	10.08	1,545.29
			Exposure:	42 Days afte	er Inciden	t Enoxapar	rin Use; Event	: Outpatient VT	E (Intent-to-T	reat Analys	is)		
Age (Years)													
0-19	2,043	2,043	33,212	17,930	218.0	16	17,358,047	27,822,936.9	0.12	16.26	1.00	16.26	734.03
20-44	34,506	34,506	582,023	293,298	3,693.9	344	27,124,691	39,161,311.4	1.27	16.87	1.00	16.87	931.26
45-64	72,818	72,818	903,010	484,960	7,751.7	936	19,741,575	34,402,200.7	3.69	12.40	1.00	12.40	1,207.48
65-74	30,734	30,734	367,033	193,721	3,270.7	350	4,575,019	7,724,192.1	6.72	11.94	1.00	11.94	1,070.09
75-84	15,747	15,747	175,049	89,391	1,647.0	220	2,072,691	3,795,794.4	7.60	11.12	1.00	11.12	1,335.74
85+	5,553	5,553	56,512	26,015	560.7	86	793,951	1,423,699.0	6.99	10.18	1.00	10.18	1,533.79



Table 3. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013, by Scenario and Sex

	New Users	Dispensings	Days Supplied	Amount Supplied	Years at Risk	New Episodes with Events	Eligible Members	Member- Years	New Users per 1,000 Eligible Members	Days Supplied per User	Dispensings per User	Days Supplied per Dispensing	New Episodes with Events per 10,000 Years at Risk
			E	xposure: Er	ioxaparin E	pisode; Ev	ent: Hospitali	zed Bleeding (A	s-Treated An	nalysis)			
Female	99,528	125,423	1,936,466	1,018,510	5,023.7	74	33,883,495	58,712,532.4	2.94	19.46	1.26	15.44	147.30
Male	59,566	68,054	854,630	525,309	2,175.0	59	32,656,404	55,615,428.2	1.82	14.35	1.14	12.56	271.26
Unknown	9	10	123	72	0.3	0	2,668	3,741.9	3.37	13.67	1.11	12.30	0.00
				Exposure	: Enoxapari	in Episode;	Event: Major	Bleeding (As-T	reated Analy	/sis)			
Female	99,531	125,427	1,936,530	1,018,535	5,024.8	39	33,883,500	58,712,659.0	2.94	19.46	1.26	15.44	77.62
Male	59,566	68,054	854,630	525,309	2,175.4	37	32,656,406	55,615,514.7	1.82	14.35	1.14	12.56	170.08
Unknown	9	10	123	72	0.3	0	2,668	3,741.9	3.37	13.67	1.11	12.30	0.00
			Ехро	sure: 42 Da	ys after Inc	ident Enox	aparin Use; E	vent: All VTE (Ir	ntent-to-Trea	at Analysis)			
Female	100,767	100,767	1,380,105	688,488	10,750.2	1,892	33,883,442	58,711,367.1	2.97	13.70	1.00	13.70	1,759.97
Male	60,286	60,286	733,777	413,615	6,276.8	1,708	32,656,347	55,614,617.2	1.85	12.17	1.00	12.17	2,721.13
Unknown	9	9	118	62	1.0	0	2,668	3,741.9	3.37	13.11	1.00	13.11	0.00
			Exposur	e:42 Days a	fter Incider	nt Enoxapa	rin Use; Even	t: Inpatient VTE	E (Intent-to-T	reat Analy	sis)		
Female	101,675	101,675	1,384,228	693,939	10,773.9	1,130	33,883,470	58,711,064.9	3.00	13.61	1.00	13.61	1,048.83
Male	61,185	61,185	737,831	419,639	6,300.2	999	32,656,379	55,614,390.6	1.87	12.06	1.00	12.06	1,585.65
Unknown	10	10	120	64	1.0	0	2,668	3,741.5	3.75	12.00	1.00	12.00	0.00
			Exposure	: 42 Days af	ter Inciden	t Enoxapai	rin Use; Event	: Outpatient VI	E (Intent-to-	Treat Anal	ysis)		
Female	100,943	100,943	1,381,795	690,286	10,813.5	1,001	33,883,484	58,711,572.7	2.98	13.69	1.00	13.69	925.70
Male	60,448	60,448	734,924	414,962	6,327.6	951	32,656,380	55,614,820.3	1.85	12.16	1.00	12.16	1,502.95
Unknown	10	10	120	66	1.0	0	2,668	3,741.5	3.75	12.00	1.00	12.00	0.00



Table 4. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013 by Scenario and Year

						New Episodes			New Users per 1,000	Days		Days Supplied	New Episodes with Events per
	New	Disponsings	Days	Amount		with	Eligible	Member-	Eligible	Supplied	Dispensings	per Disponsing	10,000 Years at
	Users	Dispensings	Supplied	Supplied	Risk	Events	Members	Years	Members	per User	per User	Dispensing	Risk
Year			EX	posure: En	oxaparın i	Episode; Ev	vent: Hospital	ized Bleeding (AS-Treated A	naiysis)			
2010	23,215	27,977	388,422	211,122	996.6	19	39,366,567	14,905,338.7	0.59	16.73	1.21	13.88	190.64
2011	55,049	67,112	954,438	514,943	2,458.3	40	42,919,803	34,007,009.1	1.28	17.34	1.22	14.22	162.71
2012	43,162	52,761	771,902	431,943	1,995.0	34	41,982,380	33,335,007.2	1.03	17.88	1.22	14.63	170.43
2013	37,677	45,637	676,457	385,884	1,749.1	40	40,749,544	32,084,347.5	0.92	17.95	1.21	14.82	228.69
				Exposure:	Enoxapar	in Episode	; Event: Majo	or Bleeding (As-	Treated Anal	ysis)			
Year													
2010	23,215	27,977	388,422	211,122	996.8	8	39,366,575	14,905,371.1	0.59	16.73	1.21	13.88	80.25
2011	55,049	67,112	954,438	514,943	2,458.7	21	42,919,809	34,007,076.8	1.28	17.34	1.22	14.22	85.41
2012	43,165	52,765	771,966	431,968	1,995.4	20	41,982,384	33,335,068.8	1.03	17.88	1.22	14.63	100.23
2013	37,677	45,637	676,457	385,884	1,749.5	27	40,749,548	32,084,398.9	0.92	17.95	1.21	14.82	154.33
			Exposu	ire: 42 Day	s after Inc	cident Eno	xaparin Use; I	Event: All VTE (I	Intent-to-Tre	at Analysis)		
Year													
2010	23,476	23,476	296,734	152,138	2,468.9	486	39,366,484	14,905,295.9	0.60	12.64	1.00	12.64	1,968.50
2011	55,700	55,700	716,197	365,741	5,920.3	1,173	42,919,482	34,006,732.7	1.30	12.86	1.00	12.86	1,981.32
2012	43,743	43,743	581,443	306,715	4,619.4	1,077	41,981,603	33,334,319.8	1.04	13.29	1.00	13.29	2,331.50
2013	38,143	38,143	519,626	277,570	4,019.4	864	40,748,438	32,083,377.8	0.94	13.62	1.00	13.62	2,149.55
			Exposure:	42 Days af	ter Incide	nt Enoxapa	arin Use; Evei	nt: Inpatient VT	E (Intent-to-	Treat Analy	/sis)		
Year													
2010	23,705	23,705	297,768	153,579	2,475.3	288	39,366,514	14,905,320.1	0.60	12.56	1.00	12.56	1,163.48
2011	56,279	56,279	718,742	369,249	5,935.1	671	42,919,445	34,006,753.5	1.31	12.77	1.00	12.77	1,130.56
2012	44,332	44,332	584,296	310,647	4,635.4	641	41,981,269	33,334,144.1	1.06	13.18	1.00	13.18	1,382.82
2013	38,554	38,554	521,373	280,167	4,029.3	529	40,747,843	32,082,979.3	0.95	13.52	1.00	13.52	1,312.89



Table 4. Summary of Incident Enoxaparin Use and Bleeding/Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Outcomes in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) between August 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013 by Scenario and Year

						New Episodes			New Users per 1,000	Days		Days Supplied	New Episodes with Events per
	New	D iana ang ina sa	Days	Amount		with	Eligible	Member-	Eligible	Supplied		per	10,000 Years at
	Users	Dispensings	Supplied	Supplied	Risk	Events	Members	Years	Members	per User	per User	Dispensing	Risk
			Exposure:	42 Days aft	er Inciden	nt Enoxapa	arin Use; Even	t: Outpatient V	'TE (Intent-to	o-Treat Ana	lysis)		
Year													
2010	23,525	23,525	297,121	152,477	2,484.5	274	39,366,555	14,905,371.5	0.60	12.63	1.00	12.63	1,102.86
2011	55,814	55,814	717,289	367,035	5,957.1	672	42,919,547	34,006,889.8	1.30	12.85	1.00	12.85	1,128.07
2012	43,853	43,853	582,225	307,546	4,653.4	590	41,981,596	33,334,428.1	1.04	13.28	1.00	13.28	1,267.90
2013	38,209	38,209	520,204	278,255	4,047.2	416	40,748,394	32,083,445.1	0.94	13.61	1.00	13.61	1,027.88



Appendix A. Dates of Available Data in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD) for Each Data Partner (DP) as of Request Send Date (April 29, 2015)

DP ID	Start Date	End Date
DP001	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP002	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP003	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP004	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP005	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP006	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP007	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP008	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP009	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP010	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP011	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP012	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP013	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP014	8/1/2010	12/31/2013
DP015	8/1/2010	12/31/2013



Appendix B. List of Generic Names to Define Incidence Criteria in this Request

Anticoagulants

eneric Name	
noxaparin	
pixaban	
rgatroban	
rgatroban in 0.9 % sodium chloride	
rgatroban in sodium chloride, iso-osmotic	
abigatran etexilate mesylate	
alteparin sodium, porcine	
ondaparinux sodium	
eparin sodium, beef	
eparin sodium, porcine	
eparin sodium, porcine in 0.45 % sodium chloride	
eparin sodium, porcine in 0.9 % sodium chloride	
eparin sodium, porcine in 0.9 % sodium chloride	
eparin sodium, porcine in 0.9 % sodium chloride/pf	
eparin sodium, porcine/dextrose 5 % in water	
eparin sodium, porcine/dextrose 5 % in water/pf	
eparin sodium, porcine/pf	
pirudin, recombinant	
varoxaban	
nzaparin sodium, porcine	
varfarin sodium	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Hospitalized Bleeding

A bleeding event is defined as a definite bleeding code (primary) without a trauma code, or a possible bleeding code (primary) supported by a definite bleeding code (secondary); without a corresponding trauma - **codes are required to be within seven (7)** days of one another

	Definite Bleeding Codes	
Code	Code Type	Care Setting ¹
531.0*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
531.2*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
531.4*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
531.6*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
532.0*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
532.2*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
532.4*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
532.6*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
533.0*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
533.2*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
533.4*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
533.6*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
534.0*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
534.2*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
534.6*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.01	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.11	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.21	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.31	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.41	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.51	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
535.61	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
537.83	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
456.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
456.20	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
530.7	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
530.82	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
578.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
455.2	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
455.5	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
455.8	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
562.02	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
562.03	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
562.12	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code Type	Care Setting
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
_	
_	
_	
_	
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
-	
Possible Bleeding Cod	les
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
_	
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
ICD-9-CM Diagnosis ICD-9-CM Diagnosis ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis ICD-9-CM Diagnosis



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
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Code	Code Type	Care Setting	
533.9	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
34.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
34.3	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
34.5	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
34.7	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
34.9	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.00	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.10	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.20	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.30	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.40	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.50	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
35.60	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
55*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
62.00	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
62.01	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
62.10	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
62.11	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
30.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
80.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
85.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
85.9	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
/90.92	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		

	Major Bleeding
Major I	leeding is defined as a bleeding event with a critical site code or a transfusion code
	Critical Site Code
430	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
431	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
432	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
852.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
852.2	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
852.4	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
853.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
336.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
363.6	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
372.72	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
376.32	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
377.42	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
379.23	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
719.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
729.92	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
729.97	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
423.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code	Code Type	Care Setting
93.81	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
72.5	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
866.01	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
366.02	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
366.11	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
366.12	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
	Transfusion Code	
9903	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
904	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
9905	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
9906	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
9907	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
909	ICD-9-CM Procedure	
9010	HCPCS Procedure	
9011	HCPCS Procedure	
9016	HCPCS Procedure	
9017	HCPCS Procedure	
9019	HCPCS Procedure	
9020	HCPCS Procedure	
9021	HCPCS Procedure	
9022	HCPCS Procedure	
9023	HCPCS Procedure	
9031	HCPCS Procedure	
9032	HCPCS Procedure	
9033	HCPCS Procedure	
9034	HCPCS Procedure	
9035	HCPCS Procedure	
9036	HCPCS Procedure	
9037	HCPCS Procedure	
9038	HCPCS Procedure	
9039	HCPCS Procedure	
9040	HCPCS Procedure	
9044	HCPCS Procedure	
9051	HCPCS Procedure	
9052	HCPCS Procedure	
9053	HCPCS Procedure	
9054	HCPCS Procedure	
9055	HCPCS Procedure	
9056	HCPCS Procedure	
9057	HCPCS Procedure	
9058	HCPCS Procedure	
9059	HCPCS Procedure	
9060	HCPCS Procedure	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code	Code Type	Care Setting	
0380	Revenue Center Procedure		
0381	Revenue Center Procedure		
0382	Revenue Center Procedure		
0383	Revenue Center Procedure		
0384	Revenue Center Procedure		
0385	Revenue Center Procedure		
0386	Revenue Center Procedure		
)387	Revenue Center Procedure		
)388	Revenue Center Procedure		
)389	Revenue Center Procedure		
)390	Revenue Center Procedure		
)391	Revenue Center Procedure		
)392	Revenue Center Procedure		
0399	Revenue Center Procedure		

	Venous Thromboembolism	n (VTE)	
Hospitalized PE/DVT OR O	Dutpatient DVT		
415.1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
415.1*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
451	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
451.*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
451.**	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
453	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
453.*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
453.**	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*	
OR			
451.*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	AV, ED, OA	
451.**	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	AV, ED, OA	
453	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	AV, ED, OA	
453.*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	AV, ED, OA	
453.**	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	AV, ED, OA	
AND			
Marfaria proceriation with	ain 20 days aftar the DV/T diagnosis		

Warfarin prescription within 30 days after the DVT diagnosis

	AMI	
410*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*
410**	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IP*



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code	Code Type	Care Setting	
	Ischemic Stroke		
433.*1	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IPP	
434.*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IPP	
434.01	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IPP	
434.11	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IPP	
434.91	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	IPP	

	Trauma Exclusions:	
Code	Code Type	Care Setting
62000	CPT-4	
62005	CPT-4	
62010	CPT-4	
800	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
800*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
801	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
801*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
802	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
802*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
803	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
803*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
804	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
804*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
805	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
805*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
806	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
806*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8060*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8062*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
807	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8074	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8074*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
808	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
808*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
809	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
809*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
810	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
810*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
811	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
811*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
812	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
812*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
813	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
813*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
818	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
818*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code	Code Type	Care Setting
819*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
320*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
21*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
22*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
23*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
24*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
25*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
26*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
27*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
28*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
29*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
19	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
20	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
21	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
22	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
23	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
24	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
27	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
28	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
29	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
60*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
60	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
620	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
620*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
621*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
621	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
628*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
628	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
629*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
629	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
630*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
630	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
631*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
631	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
632*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
632	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
633	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
633*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
634*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
635*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8634	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8635	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8638*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
639*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8641*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Common Procedure Coding Systems (Code	HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Def Code Type	Care Setting
8651*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8638	-	
	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8639	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8641	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8651	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
866*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
867*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8730*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8731*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8750*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8751*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9024*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
866	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
867	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8730	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8731	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8750	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
8751	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9024	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
90255	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
90256	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
90281	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
90282	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
925*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
926*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9268*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
927*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
928*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
929*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9584*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9585*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9587*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9967*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
925	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
926	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9268	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
927	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
928	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
929	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9584	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9585	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9587	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
9967	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
99811	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	
	-	
99812	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis	



Appendix C. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Healthcare
Common Procedure Coding Systems (HCPCS) Codes and Algorithms to Define Outcomes in this Request

Code	Code Type	Care Setting	
9982*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
9982	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E805	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E870	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E881	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E882	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E883	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E922	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E923	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E955	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E960	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E965	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E970	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E805*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E870*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E881*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E882*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E883*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E922*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E923*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E955*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E960*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E965*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		
E970*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis		

¹Inpatient (IP)

Ambulatory Visit (AV)

Emergency Department (ED)

Other Ambulatory (OA)



Code	Code Type
	Kidney Transplant
V42.0	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
996.81	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
55.6*	ICD-9-CM Procedure
50360	CPT-4
50365	CPT-4
50340	CPT-4
50370	CPT-4
50380	CPT-4
	Dialysis
39.95	ICD-9-CM Procedure
54.98	ICD-9-CM Procedure
792.5*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
V56.2*	ICD-9-CM Diagnosis
90935	CPT-4
90937	CPT-4
90945	CPT-4
90947	CPT-4
99512	CPT-4
99601	CPT-4
99602	CPT-4

Appendix D. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and Current Procedural Terminology (CPT-4) Codes to Define Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria in this Request



Appendix E. Specifications Defining Parameters in this Request

The Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) tool was executed to investigate bleeding (hospitalized bleed and major bleed) and Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) events following incident use of enoxaparin (regardless of manufacturer) in the Mini-Sentinel Distributed Database (MSDD).

For the scenarios where we examine bleeding events among enoxaparin users, we created enoxaparin treatment episodes, with a 0-day episode extension period and a one-day episode gap, during which we identified bleeding events. For the scenarios where we examine VTE events amont enoxaparin users, an intent-to-treat analysis was conducted. New users were followed for 45 days following enoxaparin initiation, during which we identified VTE events.

Hospitalized bleeding in this report was defined as a definite bleeding event (hospital discharge diagnosis code in the primary position) with no trauma code within the same inpatient stay. Hospitalized bleeding was also defined as a possible bleeding code (flagged as a primary diagnosis), supported by a definite bleeding code (flagged as a secondary diagnosis), without a corresponding trauma code. All codes were required to be within the same IP encounter. Major bleeding events included hospitalized bleeding events with the inclusion of a critical site code or a transfusion code within the same IP encounter. VTE events included either (1) an inpatient VTE code, or (2) an outpatient VTE code with a warfarin dispensing within 30 days after a deep vein thrombosis (DVT) diagnosis.

		Enroll Enrolln	ery Period ment Gap nent Days tifications oplied and Duration	August 1 45 Days 180 <20; 20- 0 Days		cember 31,	. 2013 4; 85+ Years	;			Inclus	sion/Exclus	ion	
enario	Incident exposure	Incident w/ respect to:	Episode Gap	Episode Extension Period	Follow- up days from index	Washout (days)	Cohort Definition	Episode truncation by additional criteria	Episode truncation by Death	-		-		Care Setting
1	n and Bleedi All Enoxaparin	All Enoxaparin, Anticoagulants	1	0	N/A	180	01	Yes- initiation of other anticoagulants, occurrence of primary or secondary event, initiation of dialysis, or kidney transplant	No	Kidney transplant Dialysis	Exclude Exclude	-180 -180	0 0	Any

Scer Eno



-			Drug	/Exposure						1	Inclus	sion/Exclus	ion	
Scenario	Incident exposure	Incident w/ respect to:	Episode Gap	Episode Extension Period	Follow- up days from index	Washout (days)	Cohort Definition	Episode truncation by additional criteria	Episode truncation by Death	Inclusion/ Exclusion	Inclusion/ Exclusion	Lookback Start	Lookback End	Care Setting
2	All Enoxaparin	All Enoxaparin, Anticoagulants	1	0	N/A	180	01	Yes- initiation of other anticoagulants, occurrence of primary or secondary event, initiation of dialysis, or kidney transplant	No	Kidney transplant Dialysis	Exclude Exclude	-180 -180	0 0	Any
3	All Enoxaparin	All Enoxaparin, Anticoagulants	N/A	N/A	42	180	01	Yes- initiation of other anticoagulants, occurrence of primary or secondary event, initiation of dialysis, or kidney transplant	No	Kidney transplant Dialysis	Exclude Exclude	-180 -180	0 0	Any
4	All Enoxaparin	All Enoxaparin, Anticoagulants	N/A	N/A	42	180	01	Yes- initiation of other anticoagulants, occurrence of primary or secondary event, initiation of dialysis, or kidney transplant	No	Kidney transplant Dialysis	Exclude Exclude	-180 -180	0 0	Any
5	All Enoxaparin	All Enoxaparin, Anticoagulants	N/A	N/A	42	180	01	Yes- initiation of other anticoagulants, occurrence of primary or secondary event, initiation of dialysis, or kidney transplant	No	Kidney transplant Dialysis	Exclude Exclude	-180 -180	0 0	Any



	L. Specification	ons Defining Par			τ	
-		E	event/Outco	ome		
Scenario	Event/ Outcome	Care Setting	Incident w/ respect to:	Incident Care Setting	Washout (days)	Blackout Period
1	Hospitalized Bleeding***	ID*	Any Bleeding* * VTE		30	1
2	Major Bleeding***	IP*	Any Bleeding VTE	IP, AV, ED, OA	30	1
3	VTE***	IP, AV, ED, OA	Any Bleeding VTE	IP IP, AV, ED, OA	30	1
4	Inpatient VTE***	IP*	Any Bleeding VTE	IP, AV, ED, OA	30	1
5	Outpatient VTE***	AV, ED, OA	Any Bleeding VTE	IP, AV, ED, OA	30	1